

TEXT OF MODIFIED REGULATIONS

**MINIMUM STANDARDS FOR JUVENILE FACILITIES
TITLE 15-CRIME PREVENTION AND CORRECTIONS
DIVISION 1, CHAPTER 1, SUBCHAPTER 5**

The BSCC has illustrated changes to the original text in the following manner: regulation originally proposed is underlined; deletions from the language originally proposed are shown in ~~strikeout~~ using a “- ”; and additions to the language originally proposed are double-underlined.

Regulations that are affected:

- *Section 1302, Definitions*
- *Section 1324, Policy and Procedures Manual*
- *Section 1461, Minimum Diet*
- *Section 1466, Kitchen Facilities, Sanitation, and Food Storage.*

Section 1302. Definitions.

The following definitions shall apply:

“Administering medication,” as it relates to pharmaceutical management, means the act by which a single dose of medication is given to a patient by licensed health care staff. The single dose of medication may be taken either from stock (undispensed) or dispensed supplies.

“Alternate means of compliance” means a process for meeting or exceeding the intent of the standards in an innovative way as approved by the ~~Corrections Standards Authority~~Board pursuant to an application.

“Appeal hearing” means an administrative procedure providing an appellant with an opportunity to present the facts of the appeal for the formal decision concerning matters raised pursuant to the purposes set forth in these regulations. Such hearing may be conducted using oral and/or written testimony as specified by the Executive Director of the ~~Corrections Standards Authority~~Board or the ~~Corrections Standards Authority~~Board.

“Appellant” means a county or city which files a request for an appeal hearing.

“Authorized representative” means an individual authorized by the appellant to act as its representative in any or all aspects of the hearing.

“~~CSA~~Board” means the ~~State Corrections Standards Authority~~Board of State and Community Corrections, which acts by and through its executive director, deputy directors, and field representatives.

“Camp” means a juvenile camp, ranch, forestry camp or boot camp established in accordance with Section 881 of the Welfare and Institutions Code, to which ~~minors~~youth made wards of the

court on the grounds of fitting the description in Section 602 of the Welfare and Institutions Code may be committed.

“Cell Extraction” means the forceful removal of a ~~minor youth~~ from a room.

“~~Child Youth~~ supervision staff” means a juvenile facility employee, whose duty is primarily the supervision of ~~minors youth~~. Administrative, supervisory, food services, janitorial or other auxiliary staff is not considered ~~child youth~~ supervision staff.

“Clergy” means persons ordained for religious duties.

“Committed” means placed in a jail or juvenile facility pursuant to a court order for a specific period of time, independent of, or in connection with, other sentencing alternatives.

~~“Concept Drawings” means, with respect to a design build project, any drawings or architectural renderings that may be prepared, in addition to performance criteria, in such detail as the agency determines necessary to sufficiently describe the agency’s needs.~~

“Contraband” is any object, writing or substance, the possession of which would constitute a crime under the laws of the State of California, pose a danger within a juvenile facility, ~~or~~ would interfere with the orderly day-to-day operation of a juvenile facility, or violate facility rules.

“Control Room” is a continuously staffed secure area within the facility that contains staff responsible for safety, security, emergency response, communication, electronics and movement.

“Court holding facility for minors” means a local detention facility constructed within a court building used for the confinement of minors or minors and adults for the purpose of a court appearance, for a period not to exceed 12 hours.

“Delivering medication,” as it relates to pharmaceutical management, means the act of providing one or more doses of a prescribed and dispensed medication to a ~~patient youth~~.

~~“Design bid build” means a construction procurement process independent of the design process and in which the construction of a project is procured based on completed construction documents.~~

~~“Design build” means a construction procurement process in which both the design and construction of a project are procured from a single entity.~~

“Developmentally disabled” means those persons who have a disability which originates before an individual attains age 18, continues, or can be expected to continue indefinitely, and constitutes a substantial disability for that individual. This term includes mental retardation, cerebral palsy, epilepsy, and autism, as well as disabling conditions found to be closely related to mental retardation or to require treatment similar to that required for mentally retarded individuals.

“Direct visual observation” means staff must personally see ~~minor’s~~youth’s movement and/or skin. Audio/video monitoring may supplement but not substitute for direct visual observation.

“Direct visual supervision” means staff constantly in the presence of the ~~minor~~youth. Audio/video monitoring may supplement but not substitute for direct visual supervision.

“Dispensing,” as it relates to pharmaceutical management, means the interpretation of the prescription order, the preparation, repackaging, and labeling of the drug based upon a prescription from a physician, dentist, or other prescriber authorized by law.

“Disposal,” as it relates to pharmaceutical management, means the destruction of medication or its return to the manufacturer or supplier.

“DNA” or Deoxyribonucleic acid means a chromosomal double-stranded molecule that exists in each living cell. DNA determines an individual's hereditary characteristics and can be used to distinguish and identify an individual from another person. This becomes critical when blood, hair, skin, or any other part of the body is used to prove one’s involvement or lack of involvement, in a crime scene.

“Emergency” means a significant disruption of normal facility procedure, policy or operation caused by civil disorder, single incident of mass arrest of juveniles or natural disasters such as flood, fire or earthquake; and which requires immediate action to avert death or injury and to maintain security.

“Executive Director” means the Executive Director of the ~~Corrections Standards Authority~~Board of State and Community Corrections.

“Exercise” means an activity that requires physical exertion of the large muscle groups.

“Exigent” means an urgent and unanticipated event that requires immediate action.

“Facility administrator” means chief probation officer, sheriff, marshal, chief of police or other official charged by law with administration of the facility.

“Facility manager” means director, superintendent, police or sheriff commander or other person in charge of the day-to-day operation of a facility holding ~~minors~~youth.

“Filing date” means the date a request for an appeal hearing is received by the Executive Director of the ~~Corrections Standards Authority~~Board.

“504 plan” means a written educational plan developed by a group of educators, administrators, parents and other relevant participants pursuant to Section 504 of the Federal Rehabilitation Act of 1973; Title 29 of the United States Code, Section 794; and Title 34 of the Code of Federal Regulations, Part 104, that addresses the needs of a disabled student with a physical or mental impairment which may substantially limit major life activities, including caring for one’s self,

walking, seeing, hearing, speaking, breathing, working, performing manual tasks and learning as defined under section 504.

“Furlough” means the conditional or temporary release of a ~~minor~~youth from the facility.

“Gender expression” means the manner in which a person expresses his or her gender through clothing, appearance, behavior, speech, etc.

“Gender identity” means a person’s sense of identification with either the male or female self.

“Group Punishment” means a group of uninvolved ~~minors~~youth is disciplined ~~denied programming~~ due to the actions of one or more ~~minors~~youth.

“Health administrator” means that individual or agency that is designated with responsibility for health care policy pursuant to a written agreement, contract or job description. The health administrator may be a physician, an individual or a health agency. In those instances where medical and mental health services are provided by separate entities, decisions regarding mental health services shall be made in cooperation with the mental health director. When the administrator is other than a physician, final clinical judgments rest with a designated responsible physician.

“Health care” means medical, mental health and dental services.

“Health care clearance” means a non-confidential statement which indicates to child supervision staff that there are no health contraindications to a ~~minor~~youth being admitted to a facility and specifies any limitations to full program participation.

“Hearing panel” means a panel comprised of three members of the ~~Corrections Standards Authority Board~~ who shall be selected by the Chairman at the time an appeal is filed. A fourth member may be designated as alternate. Members designated to the hearing panel shall not be employed by, or citizens of, the county or city submitting an appeal.

“Individual Education Program” (IEP) means a written statement for each individual with exceptional needs that is developed, reviewed and revised in a meeting in accordance with Education Code Section 56345 and applicable federal laws and regulation. ~~statement determined in a meeting of the individualized education program team pursuant to Education Code Section 56345.~~

~~“Intensive Supervision Unit” within a camp means a secure unit that shall comply with all requirements for a Special Purpose Juvenile Hall.~~

“Juvenile facility” means a juvenile hall, ~~juvenile home,~~ ranch or camp, forestry camp, regional youth education facility, boot camp or special purpose juvenile hall.

“Juvenile hall” means a county facility designed for the reception and temporary care of ~~minors~~youth detained in accordance with the provisions of this subchapter and the juvenile court law.

“Labeling,” as it relates to pharmaceutical management, means the act of preparing and affixing an appropriate label to a medication container.

“Legend drugs” are any drugs defined as “dangerous drugs” under Chapter 9, Division 2, Section 4211 of the California Business and Professions Code. These drugs bear the legend, “Caution Federal Law Prohibits Dispensing Without a Prescription.” The Food and Drug Administration (FDA) has determined, because of toxicity or other potentially harmful effects, that these drugs are not safe for use except under the supervision of a health care practitioner licensed by law to prescribe legend drugs.

~~“Licensed health care personnel” means those individuals who are licensed by the State to perform specified functions within a defined scope of practice. This includes but is not limited to the following classifications of personnel: Physician/Psychiatrist, Dentist, Pharmacist, Physician’s Assistant, Registered Nurse/Nurse Practitioner/Public Health Nurse, Licensed Vocational Nurse, and Psychiatric Technician.~~

“Living unit” shall be a self-contained unit containing locked sleeping rooms, single and double occupancy sleeping rooms, or dormitories, day room space, water closets, wash basins, drinking fountains and showers commensurate to the number of ~~minor/youths~~ housed. A living unit shall not be divided ~~in a way by any permanent or temporary barrier~~ that hinders direct access, supervision, ~~or~~ immediate intervention or other action if needed.

“Local Health Officer” means that licensed physician who is appointed by the Board of Supervisors pursuant to Health and Safety Code Section 101000 to carry out duly authorized orders and statutes related to public health within his/her jurisdiction.

“Maximum capacity” means the number of ~~minors youth~~ that can be housed at any one time in a juvenile hall, camp, ranch, home, forestry camp, regional youth education facility or boot camp in accordance with provisions in this subchapter.

“Mental Health Director” means that individual who is designated by contract, written agreement or job description to have administrative responsibility for the mental health program. The health administrator shall work in cooperation with the mental health director to develop and implement mental health policies and procedures.

~~“Minimum Standards for Local Detention Facilities” means those regulations within Title 15, Division 1, Subchapter 4, Section 1000 et seq. of the California Code of Regulations and Title 24, Part 1, Section 13-102, and Part 2, Section 470A of the California Code of Regulations, as adopted by the Corrections Standards Authority.~~

“Minor” means a person under 18 years of age and includes those persons whose cases are under the jurisdiction of the adult criminal court.

“~~New Generation~~Podular design” means a design concept for detention facilities in which housing cells, dormitories or sleeping rooms are positioned around the perimeter of a common dayroom, forming a housing/living unit. Generally, the majority of services for each housing/living unit (such as dining, medical exam/sick call, programming, school, etc.) occur in specified locations within the unit.

“Non-school day” means a day when school is not in operation. It also applies when an individual youth is not enrolled in school and is not required to be in attendance.

“Notice of decision” means a written statement by the Executive Director ~~of the Corrections Standards Authority~~Board of State and Community Corrections which contains the formal decision of the Executive Director ~~of the CSA~~ and the reason for that decision.

“On-site health care staff” means licensed, certified or registered health care personnel who provide regularly scheduled health care services at the facility pursuant to a contract, written agreement or job description. It does not extend to emergency medical personnel or other health care personnel who may be on-site to respond to an emergency or an unusual situation.

“Over-the-counter (OTC) drugs,” as it relates to pharmaceutical management, are medications which do not require a prescription (non-legend).

“Performance criteria” means, with respect to a design-build project, the information that fully describes the scope of the proposed project and includes, but is not limited to, the size, type, and design character of the buildings and site; the required form, fit, function, operational requirements and quality of design, materials, equipment and workmanship; and any other information deemed necessary to sufficiently describe the agency’s needs; including documents prepared pursuant to paragraph (1) of subdivision (d) of Section 20133 of the Public Contract Code.

“Pilot project” means an initial short-term method to test or apply an innovation or concept related to the operation, management or design of a juvenile facility, jail or lockup pursuant to an application to, and approval by, the ~~Corrections Standards Authority~~Board of State and Community Corrections.

“Primary responsibility” is the ability of a ~~child~~ youth supervision staff member to independently supervise one or more ~~minors~~youth.

“Procurement,” as it relates to pharmaceutical management, means the system for ordering and obtaining medications for facility stock.

“Proposed decision” means a written recommendation from the hearing panel/hearing officer to the full ~~Corrections Standards Authority~~Board containing a summary of facts and a recommended decision on an appeal.

“Prostheses” means artificial devices to replace missing body parts or to compensate for defective bodily function. Prostheses are distinguished from slings, crutches, or other similar assistive devices.

“Psychotropic medication” means those drugs that are used to treat psychiatric symptoms. ~~whose purpose is to have an effect on the central nervous system to impact behavior or psychiatric symptoms. Psychotropic medications include but are not limited to anti-psychotic, antidepressant, lithium carbonate and anxiolytic drugs, as well as anti convulsants or any other medication when used to treat psychiatric conditions.~~ Drugs used to reduce the toxic side effects of psychotropic medications are not included.

“Recreation” means activities that occupy the attention and offer the opportunity for relaxation. Such activities may include ping-pong, TV, reading, board games, letter writing.

“Regional facility” means a facility serving two or more counties bound together by a memorandum of understanding or a joint powers agreement identifying the terms, conditions, rights, responsibilities and financial obligations of all parties.

“Remodeling” means to alter the facility structure by adding, deleting or moving any of the building's components thereby affecting any of the spaces specified in Title 24, Section 460A.

“Repackaging,” as it relates to pharmaceutical management, means transferring medications from the original manufacturers' container to another properly labeled container.

“Request for appeal hearing” means a clear written expression of dissatisfaction about a procedure or action taken, requesting a hearing on the matter, and filed with the Executive Director of the ~~Corrections Standards Authority~~ Board of State and Community Corrections.

“Responsible physician” means that physician who is appropriately licensed by the State and is designated by contract, written agreement or job description to have responsibility for policy development in medical, dental and mental health matters involving clinical judgments. The responsible physician may also be the health administrator.

“Security glazing” means a glass/polycarbonate composite glazing material designed for use in detention facility doors and windows and intended to withstand measurable, complex loads from deliberate and sustained attacks in a detention environment.

“Separation” means limiting a youth’s participation in regular programming for a specific purpose.

“Sexual orientation” means a person’s emotional, romantic, and sexual attraction for members of the same, opposite or both sexes.

“Shall” is mandatory; “may” is permissive.

“Special purpose juvenile hall” means a county facility used for the temporary confinement of a ~~minor~~youth, not to exceed 96 hours, prior to transfer to a full service juvenile facility or release.

“Special visits” mean visits by persons that may not be parents or guardians, as outlined in Section 1374 of these regulations, and may include mentors, extended family members, role models and spouses.

“Status offender” means a minor alleged or adjudged to be a person described in Section 601 of the Welfare and Institutions Code.

“Storage,” as it relates to pharmaceutical management, means the controlled physical environment used for the safekeeping and accounting of medications.

“Supervisory staff” means a staff person whose primary duties may include, but are not limited to, scheduling and evaluating subordinate staff, providing on-the-job training, making recommendations for promotion, hiring and discharge of subordinate staff, recommending disciplinary actions, and overseeing subordinate staff work. Supervisory staff shall not be included in the ~~minor~~youth to supervision staff ratio, although some of their duties could include the periodic supervision of ~~minors~~youth.

“Transgender youth” means a youth whose gender identity does not correspond with his or her anatomical sex.

“Use of force” means an immediate means of overcoming resistance and controlling the threat of imminent harm to self or others.

“Youth” means a person who is in the custody of the juvenile detention facility. This person may be under 18 years of age or over 18 years of age. This includes persons whose cases are under the jurisdiction of the juvenile court and persons whose cases are under the jurisdiction of the adult court.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 210 and 885, Welfare and Institutions Code,; and ~~Assembly Bill 1397, Chapter 12, Statutes of 1996.~~ Reference: Section 209, Welfare and Institutions Code,; ~~1995-96 Budget Act, Chapter 303, Item Number 5430-001-001, Statutes of 1995; Assembly Bill 904, Chapter 304, Statutes of 1995; and Assembly Bill 1397, Chapter 12, Statutes of 1996.~~

Section 1324. Policy and Procedures Manual.

All facility administrators shall develop, publish, and implement a manual of written policies and procedures that address, at a minimum, all regulations that are applicable to the facility. Such a manual shall be made available to all employees, reviewed by all employees, and shall be administratively reviewed ~~annually~~at a minimum every two years, and updated, as necessary. Those records relating to the standards and requirements set forth in these regulations shall be accessible to the ~~Corrections Standards Authority~~Board on request.

The manual shall include:

- (a) table of organization, including channels of communications and a description of job classifications;
- (b) responsibility of the probation department, purpose of programs, relationship to the juvenile court, the Juvenile Justice/Delinquency Prevention Commission or Probation Committee, probation staff, school personnel and other agencies that are involved in juvenile facility programs;
- (c) responsibilities of all employees;
- (d) initial orientation and training program for employees;
- (e) initial orientation, including safety and security issues and anti-discrimination policies, for support staff, contract employees, school and medical staff, program providers and volunteers;
- (f) maintenance of record-keeping, statistics and communication system to ensure:
 - (1) efficient operation of the juvenile facility;
 - (2) legal and proper care of ~~minor~~youths;
 - (3) maintenance of individual ~~minor~~youth's records;
 - (4) supply of information to the juvenile court and those authorized by the court or by the law; and,
 - (5) release of information regarding ~~minor~~youths.
- (g) ethical responsibilities;
- (h) a non-discrimination provision that provides that all ~~minors~~-youth within the facility shall have fair and equal access to all available services, placement, care, treatment, and benefits, and provides that no person shall be subject to discrimination or harassment on the basis of actual or perceived race, ethnic group identification, ancestry, national origin, color, religion, ~~sex~~gender, sexual orientation, gender identity, gender expression, mental or physical disability, or HIV status, including restrictive housing or classification decisions based solely on any of the above mentioned categories; and,
- (i) storage and maintenance requirements for any chemical agents used in the facility; ~~and,~~
- (j) establish procedures for collection of Medi-Cal eligibility information and enrollment of eligible youth. (Reference WIC 142029.5)

Note: Authority cited: Sections 210 and 885, Welfare and Institutions Code; and Assembly Bill 1397, Chapter 12, Statutes of 1996. Reference: Sections 209 and 14029, Welfare and Institutions Code, ~~1995-96 Budget Act, Chapter 303, Item Number 5430-001-001, Statutes of 1995; Assembly Bill 904, Chapter 304, Statutes of 1995; Assembly Bill 1397, Chapter 12, Statutes of 1996.~~

Section 1461. Minimum Diet.

The minimum diet provided shall be based upon the nutritional and caloric requirements found in the ~~1999-2002~~2011 Dietary Reference Intakes (DRI) of the Food and Nutrition Board, Institute of Medicine of the National Academies; the ~~1990-2008~~ California ~~Daily~~ Food Guide, and the 2010~~05~~ Dietary Guidelines for Americans. Facilities electing to provide vegetarian diets, and facilities that provide religious diets, shall also conform to these nutrition standards.

The nutritional requirements for the minimum diet are specified in the following subsections. Snacks may be included as part of the minimum diet. A wide variety of foods should be served, ~~and spices should be used to improve the taste and eye appeal of food served.~~

(a) Protein Group. Includes: beef, veal, lamb, pork, poultry, fish, eggs, cooked dry beans, peas, lentils, nuts, peanut butter, and textured vegetable protein (TVP). One serving equals 14 grams or more of protein; the daily requirements shall equal two servings (a total of 196 grams per week). In addition, there shall be a requirement to serve a third serving from the legumes three days a week. One serving equals, but is not limited to, one of the following examples:

2 to 3 oz. (without bone) lean, cooked meat, poultry or fish
2 medium eggs
1 cup cooked dry beans, peas, or lentils
4 Tbsp. peanut butter
8 oz. tofu
2 1/4 oz. dry, or 1 cup rehydrated, canned, or frozen TVP
1/2 cup seeds
2/3 cup nuts

(b) Dairy Group. Includes milk (fluid, evaporated or dry; nonfat; 1% or 2% reduced fat, etc.); cheese (cottage, cheddar, etc.); yogurt; ice cream or ice milk, and pudding. A serving is equivalent to 8 oz. of fluid milk and provides at least 250 mg of calcium. All milk shall be pasteurized and fortified with vitamins A and D. For persons 9-18 years of age, including pregnant and lactating women, the daily requirement is four servings. One serving equals, but is not limited to, one of the following examples:

8 oz. fluid milk (nonfat, 1% or 2% reduced fat)
1 1/2 oz. natural cheese
2 oz. processed cheese
1 1/2 cups of lowfat, or nonfat cottage cheese
1 1/2 cups of ice milk, or ice cream
1/3 cup nonfat dry milk
1/2 cup nonfat, or lowfat evaporated milk
1 cup nonfat, or lowfat plain yogurt
1 cup pudding

(c) Vegetable-Fruit Group. Includes: fresh, frozen, dried, and canned vegetables and fruits. One serving equals: 1/2 cup vegetable or fruit; 6 oz. of 100% juice; 1 medium apple, orange, banana, or potato; 1/2 grapefruit, or 1/4 cup dried fruit. The daily requirement shall be at least six servings; at least one serving per day, or seven (7) servings per week, shall be from each of the following three categories:

(1) One serving of a fresh fruit or vegetable.

(2) One serving of a Vitamin C source containing 30 mg. or more. One serving equals, but is not limited to, the following examples:

Broccoli
Brussels Sprouts
Cabbage

Orange juice
Potato (baked only)
Strawberries

Cantaloupe, or honeydew melon	Tangerine, large
Cauliflower	Tomato paste
Green and red peppers (not dehydrated)	Tomato puree
Greens collards including kale, turnip, and mustard greens	Tomato juice
Grapefruit	Tomato sauce (6 oz.)
Grapefruit juice	Vegetable juice cocktail
Orange	

(3) One serving of a Vitamin A source fruit or vegetable containing 200 micrograms Retinol Equivalents (RE) or more. One serving equals, but is not limited to, the following examples:

Apricot nectar (6 oz.)	Peas and carrots
Apricots	Pumpkin
Cantaloupe	Red peppers
Carrots	Sweet potatoes or yams
Greens, including kale, beets, chard, mustard, turnips, or spinach	Vegetable juice cocktail (6 oz.)
Mixed vegetables with carrots	Winter squash

(d) Grain Group. Includes: bread, rolls, pancakes, sweet rolls, ready-to-eat, or cooked cereals, corn bread, pasta, rice, tortillas, etc., and any food item containing whole or enriched grains. At least ~~three~~ four (4) servings from this group must be made with some whole grains. The daily requirement for ~~minors~~ youth shall be a minimum of six (6) servings, or 42 servings per week. One serving equals, but is not limited to, one of the following examples:

Bread, white (including French and Italian), whole wheat, rye, pumpernickel, or raisin	1 slice
Bagel, small	1/2
English muffin, small	1/2
Plain roll, muffin or biscuit	1
Frankfurter roll	1/2
Hamburger bun	1/2
Dry bread crumbs	3 Tbsp.
Crackers:	
Arrowroot	3
Graham, 2 1/2 "	2
Matzo, 4" x 6"	1/2
Oyster	20
Pretzels, 3 1/8" long, 1/8" diameter	25
Rye wafers, 2" x 3 1/2"	3
Soda, 2 1/2" sq.	6
Ready-to-eat unsweetened cereal	3/4 cup
Cereal, cooked	1/2 cup
Barley, couscous, grits, macaroni, noodles,	1/2 cup

pastas, rice, spaghetti, etc.	
Cornmeal, dry	2 Tbsp.
Flour (wheat, whole wheat, carob, soybean, cornmeal, etc.)	2 1/2 Tbsp.
Wheat germ	1/4 cup
Pancakes, 5"	1
Waffle, 5"	1
Tortilla, 6" (corn/flour)	1

The following are examples of whole grains and whole grain products:

Barley	Pumpernickel bread
Bran	Rolled oats
Brown rice	Rye
Corn meal	Whole grain
tortilla	bagels, muffins, and crackers,
	graham
baked taco/tostada shell	hot cereal
Cracked wheat (bulgur)	pancakes and waffles
Flour	ready-to-eat cereal
carob	Whole wheat
soybean	bread
whole wheat	rolls
Oatmeal	tortilla
Popcorn	

(e) Calories. The average daily caloric allowances shall be based on the level of physical activities and shall be as follows: ~~2200-1800-2000~~ calories for females 11 to 18 years of age; ~~2500 to 3000~~ 2000-2800 calories for males 11 to 18 years of age.

(1) Providing only the minimum servings outlined earlier in this regulation is not sufficient to meet the ~~minors'~~ youths' caloric requirements. Based on activity levels, additional servings from dairy, vegetable-fruit, and bread-cereal groups shall be provided in amounts to meet caloric requirements. Pregnant ~~minors~~ youth shall be provided with a diet as approved by a doctor in accordance with Penal Code Section 6030(e) and a supplemental snack, if medically indicated.

(2) In keeping with chronic disease prevention goals, total dietary fat should not exceed 30 percent of total calories on a weekly basis. Fat shall be added only in minimum amounts necessary to make the diet palatable.

~~4.~~(f) Sodium. In keeping with the 2010 Dietary Guidelines for Adults, facilities shall reduce the sodium content of menus. Herbs and spices should may be used to improve the taste and eye appeal of food served.

Note: Authority cited: Sections 210 and 885, Welfare and Institutions Code, ~~and Assembly Bill 1397, Chapter 12, Statutes of 1996.~~ Reference: Section 209, Welfare and Institutions Code, ~~1995-96 Budget Act, Chapter 303, Item Number 5430-001-001, Statutes of 1995; Assembly Bill 904, Chapter 304, Statutes of 1995; Assembly Bill 1397, Chapter 12, Statutes of 1996.~~

Section 1466. Kitchen Facilities, Sanitation, and Food Storage.

Kitchen facilities, sanitation, and food preparation, service, and storage shall comply with standards set forth in Health and Safety Code, Division 104, Part 7, Chapters 1-13, Sections 113700 et seq. California Retail Food Code (CalCode). Chapter 4, Articles 1-8, Sections 113700 et seq. California Uniform Retail Food Facilities Law (CURFFL).

In facilities where ~~minors~~ youth prepare meals for self-consumption or where frozen meals or pre-prepared food from other permitted food facilities (see Health and Safety Code ~~s~~Section 114381113920) are (re)heated and served, the following applicable ~~CURFFL~~ CalCode standards may be waived by the local health officer:

- (a) H & S Sections 114130-114141~~section 114065, Equipment Standards;~~
- (b) H & S Sections 114099.6, 114095-114099.5, 114101-114109, 114123, and 114125~~section 114090 (b) through (e) Dishwashing Equipment. If a domestic or commercial dishwasher, capable of providing heat to the surface of the utensils of a temperature of at least 165 degrees Fahrenheit, is used for the purpose of cleaning and sanitizing multi-service kitchen utensils and multi-service consumer utensils;~~
- (c) H & S Sections 114149-114149.3 ~~section 114140 Ventilation~~ except that, regardless of such a waiver, the facility shall provide mechanical ventilation sufficient to remove gases, odors, steam, heat, grease, vapors and smoke from the kitchen;
- (d) H & S Sections 114268-114269~~section 114150 (a) Floors;~~ and,
- (e) H & S Sections 114279-114282~~section 114165 (b) Mop Sinks.~~

Note: Authority cited: Sections 210 and 885, Welfare and Institutions Code, ~~and Assembly Bill 1397, Chapter 12, Statutes of 1996.~~ Reference: Section 209, Welfare and Institutions Code, ~~1995-96 Budget Act, Chapter 303, Item Number 5430-001-001, Statutes of 1995; Assembly Bill 904, Chapter 304, Statutes of 1995; Assembly Bill 1397, Chapter 12, Statutes of 1996.~~